





Webinar on the Multi-Criteria Analysis for Assessing DSI Policy Options

Global Webinar 8th June 2022, 12h00-14h00 UTC

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Agenda

Welcome by South Africa & Norway Partnership	Lactitia Tshitwamulomoni			
	Gaute Voigt-Hanssen			
Background (ABS Initiative)				
Introduction to the DSI multi-criteria performance matrix	Hartmut Meyer			
Panel discussion				
Dr Amber Hartman Scholz	Timothy Hodges			
Georgina Catacora-Vargas				
Henry de Novion				
Dr Sunil Archak				
Closing remarks, take home messages (ABS Initiative)	Suhel al-Janabi			

Welcome



- Lactitia Tshitwamulomoni
 Department of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment, South Africa
- Gaute Voigt-Hanssen
 Ministry of Climate and Environment, Norway







A Performance Matrix for assessing policy options for DSI benefit-sharing

Hartmut Meyer, ABS Capacity Development Initiative
8th June 2022

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Background

- 7 policy options with suboptions to be assessed against 19 criteria (CBD/WG2020/3/4/Add.1)
- Further information on the multi-criteria analysis methodology, including limitations on the method, policy options, criteria and scoring (CBD/WG2020/3/INF/8 section II, subsection A)
- Independent review and application of the framework for the assessment of the policy options using the performance matrix is on its way

	Scoring 10=high- performing; 0=non- performing; 1=low- performing; N/A=do not know /not applicable. OR pass/fail	Option 0	Option 1	Option 2		Option 3		Option 4	Option 5	Option 6
Criteria and sub-criteria		Status Quo	DSI treated as GR	Countr y MAT	Global MAT	Payment for access to DSI	Other contribut ions	Enhanced TSC and CB	No benefit sharing from DSI	1% levy on retail sales o GR
A. Effective in achieving policy goals										
Potential to deliver predictable monetary benefits										
Potential to deliver predictable non- monetary benefits										
Access to public databases remains open										
4. Does not hinder research and innovation										
5. Potential to contribute to the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity										
B. Efficient and feasible to implement										
6. Technically feasible										
7. Legally feasible										
8. Legally clear and certain to implement										
9. Administratively simple										
Implementable in an efficient and timely manner										
11. Enables distinction between commercial and non-commercial use of digital sequence										
information on genetic resources										
12. Cost of set-up and implementation										
C. Enables good governance										
13. Easy to understand by providers and users										
14. Easily enforceable by providers										
15. Ease of compliance for users										
16. Does result in jurisdiction shopping										
17. Facilitates the sharing of benefits with										
indigenous peoples and local communities										
D. Coherent and adaptable 18. Coherence with other forums considering digital sequence information on genetic resources										
19. Agile and adaptable to future technological and scientific development										

Genesis of the policy options and performance matrix

ABSI: 1st Global Dialogue on DSI (Nov 2019, Pretoria)

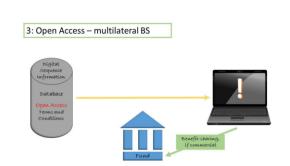
- First set of 5 policy options for DSI benefit-sharing
- List of "points for consideration" for assessing the policy options

SCBD: Policy options for ABS and DSI (Feb 2021, Webinar) Criteria to consider for policy options on DSI (Apr 2021, Webinar)

- Presentation of 6 policy options derived from 13 international reports and publications, 7th policy option added after OEWG 3.1
- Presentation of the concept for a multi-criteria analysis

Informal Co-Chairs' Advisory Group on DSI (Nov 2021, Report)

- Discussions and further elaboration on the methodology
- Underlining the limits: not applicable to hybrid approaches, not enough data and evidence to allow full assessment







Recent steps towards developing a regime for DSI benefit-sharing



- Parties still disagree whether DSI is in the scope of the CBD or not
- **Despite all differences**, OEWG 3.2 in March 2022 Geneva recognized that a solution for fair and equitable benefit-sharing on DSI should, inter alia:
 - (a) Be efficient, feasible and practical;
 - (b) Generate more benefits, including both monetary and non-monetary, than costs;
 - (c) Be effective;
 - (d) Provide certainty and legal clarity for providers and users of DSI;
 - (e) Not hinder research and innovation;
 - (f) Be consistent with open access to data;
 - (g) Not be incompatible with international legal obligations;
 - (h) Be mutually supportive of other access and benefit-sharing instruments;
 - (i) Take into account the rights of indigenous peoples and local communities, including with respect to the traditional knowledge associated with genetic resources that they hold.



Role of the performance matrix in developing a regime for DSI benefit-sharing

The Performance Matrix is NOT a tool which:

- replaces negotiations and solves all problems
- results will be negotiated
- is prescribed to be used by Parties and stakeholders
- given the current lack of data and evidence, automatically generates the most favorable policy options

The Performance Matrix is RATHER a tool which:

- is intended to bring an innovative approach to international negotiations
- should stimulate discussions amongst Parties and stakeholders
- should be filled in by the different stakeholders and Parties to support further consideration and development of positions for the DSI negotiations

Panel Exchange



Panelists

- Dr Amber Hartman Scholz
- Georgina Catacora-Vargas
- Henry de Novion
- Dr Sunil Archak

Panel facilitator

Timothy Hodges

Thank you!



Further information can be found on our website: www.abs-biotrade.info

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